UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(X)QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2001

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()TRANSACTION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number 1-4604

HEICO CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

FLORIDA
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

65-0341002 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

A 33021 es) (Zip Code)

3000 TAFT STREET, HOLLYWOOD, FLORIDA (Address of principal executive offices)

(954) 987-6101

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

NOT APPLICABLE

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

The number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock as of February 28, 2001:

Title of Class Common Stock, \$.01 par value Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value

Part I.

Shares Outstanding 8,551,406 9,003,292

HEICO CORPORATION

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PART I. Item 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

ASSETS		
	January 31, 2001	2000
	(Unaudited)	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from sale of product line Accounts receivable, net Inventories Prepaid expenses and other current assets Deferred income taxes	\$ 5,935,000 27,735,000 36,532,000 3,441,000 2,548,000	12,412,000 29,553,000 34,362,000 2,975,000 2,543,000
Total current assets	76,191,000	86,652,000
Property, plant and equipment less accumulated depreciation of \$20,493,000 and \$19,788,000, respectively Intangible assets less accumulated amortization of \$13,689,000 and \$11,954,000, respectively Long-term investments Other assets	27,149,000 151,981,000 3,579,000 9,232,000	26,903,000 152,770,000 5,832,000 9,575,000
Total assets	\$ 268,132,000 =======	\$ 281,732,000 =======
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Trade accounts payable Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Income taxes payable	\$ 27,000 5,881,000 16,705,000 2,460,000	8,258,000
Total current liabilities	25,073,000	31,183,000
Long-term debt, net of current maturities Deferred income taxes Other non-current liabilities	27,009,000 571,000 7,315,000	40,015,000 417,000 6,922,000
Total liabilities	59,968,000	78,537,000
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary	34,111,000	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) Shareholders' equity: Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share; Authorized - 10,000,000 shares issuable in series; 200,000 designated as Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, none issued Common Stock, \$.01 par value; Authorized - 30,000,000 shares; Issued and outstanding - 8,536,886 and 8,514,056 shares, respectively Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value; Authorized - 30,000,000 shares; Issued and outstanding - 8,999,844 and 8,984,740 shares, respectively Capital in excess of par value Accumulated other comprehensive loss Retained earnings Less: Note receivable from employee savings and	(637,000) 64,089,000 175,504,000	171,295,000
investment plan	(1,451,000)	
Total shareholders' equity	174,053,000	169,844,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 268,132,000 =======	\$ 281,732,000 =======

HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS - UNAUDITED

	Three months ended January 31,		
		2000*	
Net sales	\$ 39,650,000	\$ 47,940,000	
Operating costs and expenses: Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,618,000 9,174,000	30,082,000 8,770,000	
Total operating costs and expenses	31,792,000	38,852,000	
Operating income	7,858,000		
Interest expense Interest and other income	(552,000) 315,000	(1,218,000) 210,000	
Income before income taxes and minority interest	7,621,000		
Income tax expense	2,953,000	3,154,000	
Income before minority interest	4,668,000	4,926,000	
Minority interest	760,000	911,000	
Net income	\$ 3,908,000	\$ 4,015,000	
Net income per share: Basic Diluted	\$.22 ===================================	\$.23	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic	17,508,438 =======	17,329,017	
Diluted	19,944,273		
Cash dividends per share	\$.025 =======	\$.023 =======	

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- UNAUDITED.

^{*} Amounts reported for the three months ended January 31, 2000 include the results of operations of Trilectron Industries, Inc., which was sold September 2000. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for further discussion.

HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - UNAUDITED

	Three months en	
	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 3,908,000	\$ 4,015,000
Depreciation and amortization Deferred income taxes Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary Tax benefit on stock option exercises Change in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable (Increase) in inventories (Increase) in prepaid expenses and other assets (Decrease) increase in trade payables, accrued		(3,626,000) (1,505,000) (634,000)
expenses and other current liabilities (Decrease) increase in income taxes payable Other	(623,000) (5,798,000) (66,000)	1,892,000 204,000 (50,000) 5,781,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	349,000	5,781,000
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from receivable from sale of product line Acquisitions and related costs, net of cash acquired Capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale investments Other	12,412,000 (661,000) (865,000) 2,526,000 472,000	(1,279,000) (1,944,000) (717,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	13,884,000	(3,940,000)
Cash flows from financing activities: Proceeds from revolving credit facility Principal payments on long-term debt Proceeds from the exercise of stock options Repurchases of common stock Cash dividends paid Other	5,000,000 (18,006,000) 339,000	1,000,000 (3,126,000)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	(13,105,000)	(2,505,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,128,000 4,807,000	(664,000) 6,031,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 5,935,000 ======	\$ 5,367,000 ======

SEE NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- UNAUDITED.

HEICO CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - UNAUDITED January 31, 2001

- 1. The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and therefore do not include all information and footnotes normally included in annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2000. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated condensed balance sheets, statements of operations and cash flows for such interim periods presented. The results of operations for the three months ended January 31, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the entire fiscal year.
- 2. All income per share and dividend per share information has been retroactively restated to reflect all stock dividends.
- 3. Certain amounts previously presented in the financial statements of prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.
- 4. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133) was issued in June 1998. SFAS 133 as amended by SFAS 137 and SFAS 138 establishes standards for the accounting and reporting of derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives) and of hedging activities. It requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and measure those instruments at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges must be adjusted to fair value through income. If the derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of derivatives are either offset against the change in fair value of assets, liabilities, or firm commitments through earnings or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings.

The Company adopted SFAS 133 effective November 1, 2000. The cumulative effect on the accumulated other comprehensive income of the Company's derivative instruments and hedging activities discussed below as of November 1, 2000 was not significant and as of January 31, 2001 was a loss of \$176,000 (net of \$113,000 in income tax benefit).

In order to manage its interest rate risk related to its revolving credit facility borrowings which have interest based on LIBOR plus a variable margin (see Note 8), the Company has an interest rate swap agreement with a bank expiring February 2002. This allows the Company to reduce the effects (positive or negative) of interest rate changes on operations.

The Company has designated the interest rate swap as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized liability (cash flow hedge). Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap, which is considered effective, are recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (see Note 12) and would be reclassified into earnings to the extent the hedge, or a part thereof, becomes ineffective.

The Company has formally documented the relationship between the interest rate swap and the variable rate debt and its strategy for undertaking the hedge transactions. The Company also formally assesses, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items. If it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective as a hedge or that it has ceased to be a highly effective hedge, the Company will discontinue hedge accounting prospectively.

5. Accounts receivable are composed of the following:

	January 31, 2001	October 31, 2000
Accounts receivable Less allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 28,495,000 (760,000)	\$ 30,110,000 (557,000)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 27,735,000 =======	\$ 29,553,000 =======

6. Costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted percentage of completion contracts are as follows:

micracts are as rullows.	January 31, 2001	October 31, 2000
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts Estimated earnings	\$ 5,228,000 4,858,000	\$ 5,911,000 6,436,000
Less: Billings to date	10,086,000 (10,526,000)	, ,
	\$ (440,000)	\$ 658,000
Included in accompanying balance sheets under the following captions: Accounts receivable Accrued expenses and other current	\$ 402,000	\$ 1,372,000
liabilities	(842,000)	(714,000)
	\$ (440,000) =======	\$ 658,000 ======

7. Inventories are comprised of the following:

	January 31, 2001	October 31, 2000
Finished products Work in process Materials, parts, assemblies and supplies	\$ 18,438,000 6,592,000 11,502,000	\$ 17,364,000 6,074,000 10,924,000
Total inventories	\$ 36,532,000 =======	\$ 34,362,000 =======

Inventories related to long-term contracts were not significant as of January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000.

8. Long-term debt consists of:

	=========	=========
	\$ 27,009,000	\$ 40,015,000
Less current maturities	27,036,000 (27,000)	40,042,000 (27,000)
-4		,
Equipment loans	56,000	62,000
Industrial Development Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 1988	1,980,000	1,980,000
Borrowings under revolving credit facility	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 38,000,000
	January 31, 2001	October 31, 2000

Pursuant to the Company's \$120 million revolving credit facility (Credit Facility), funds are available for funding acquisitions, working capital and general corporate requirements on a revolving basis through July 2003. The weighted average interest rates were 6.8% and 7.6% at January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000, respectively.

The interest rates on the Series 1988 industrial development revenue bonds were 4.05% and 4.25% at January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000, respectively.

- 9. Long-term investments consist of equity securities with an aggregate cost of \$4,327,000 as of January 31, 2001 and \$6,858,000 as of October 31, 2000. These investments are classified as available-for-sale and stated at a fair value of \$3,579,000 and \$5,832,000 as of January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000, respectively. The gross unrealized losses were \$748,000 and \$1,026,000 as of January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000, respectively. Unrealized gains and losses, net of deferred taxes, are reflected as a component of comprehensive income (see Note 12). There were no significant realized gains or losses during fiscal 2000 or the three months ending January 31, 2001.
- 10. For the first quarter of fiscal 2001 and 2000 cost of sales amounts include approximately \$1.1 million and \$400,000, respectively, of new product research and development expenses of HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. The expenses for the first quarter 2001 and 2000 are net of \$300,000 and \$1.4 million, respectively, received from Lufthansa and spent by the Company pursuant to a research and development cooperation agreement entered into October 1997. As of January 31, 2001, the Company has future reimbursements for research and development expenses aggregating \$400,000 from Lufthansa which will be received through May 2001.
- 11. Information on operating segments for the quarter ended January 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, for the Flight Support Group (FSG) and the Electronic Technologies Group (ETG) are as follows:

Segments

	FSG	ETG	Other, Primarily Corporate	Consolidated Totals
For the quarter ended January 31, 2001:				
Net sales	\$31,503,000	\$ 8,147,000	\$	\$39,650,000
Depreciation and amortization	1,849,000	534,000	58,000	2,441,000
Operating income	6,991,000	1,950,000	(1,083,000)	7,858,000
Capital expenditures	814,000	39,000	12,000	865,000
For the quarter ended January 31, 2000:				
Net sales	\$28,195,000	\$19,745,000	\$	\$47,940,000
Depreciation and amortization	1,603,000	856,000	51,000	2,510,000
Operating income	7,902,000	2,531,000	(1,345,000)	9,088,000
Capital expenditures	1,800,000	143,000	1,000	1,944,000

Total assets held by the operating segments as of January 31, 2001 and October 31, 2000 are as follows:

Segments

	FSG	ETG	Other, Primarily Corporate	Consolidated Totals
As of January 31, 2001 As of October 31, 2000	\$198,002,000 197,442,000	\$52,687,000 54,997,000	\$17,443,000 29,293,000	\$268,132,000 281,732,000

12. The Company's comprehensive income consists of:

	Three months ended January 31,		
	2001	2000	
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss): Unrealized holding gain (loss) on investments, net of tax	\$ 3,908,000	\$ 4,015,000	
expense of \$107,000 (2001) and tax benefit of \$344,000 (2000) Interest rate swap (loss) adjustment, net of tax benefit of \$113,000	171,000 (176,000)	(550,000) 	
Comprehensive income	\$ 3,903,000 ======	\$ 3,465,000 =======	

13. In May 1998, the Company and its HEICO Aerospace Corporation and Jet Avion Corporation subsidiaries were served with a lawsuit by Travelers Casualty & Surety Co., f/k/a the Aetna Casualty and Surety Co. (Travelers). In June 1999, the Travelers lawsuit was dismissed by the federal court based on a lack of jurisdiction. Travelers is challenging the dismissal.

The Travelers complaint sought reimbursement of legal fees and costs totaling in excess of \$15 million paid by Travelers in defending the Company in litigation with United Technologies Corporation (UTC), which was settled in March 2000. In addition, Travelers sought a declaratory judgment that the Company did not and does not have insurance coverage under certain insurance policies with Travelers and, accordingly, that Travelers did not have and does not have a duty to defend or indemnify the Company under such policies. Also named as defendants in Travelers' lawsuit are UTC and one of the law firms representing the Company in the UTC litigation.

The Company believes that it has significant counterclaims against Travelers for damages. After taking into consideration legal counsel's evaluation of Travelers' claim, management is of the opinion that the outcome of the Travelers litigation will not have a significant adverse effect on the Company's consolidated condensed financial statements. No provision for gain or loss, if any, has been made in the consolidated condensed financial statements.

The Company is involved in various other legal actions arising in the normal course of business. Based upon the amounts sought by the plaintiffs in these actions, management is of the opinion that the outcome of these other matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the Company's consolidated condensed financial statements.

- 14. In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" (SAB 101), which among other guidance, clarifies certain conditions to be met in order to recognize revenue. In October 2000, the staff deferred the implementation date of SAB 101 until no later than the fourth quarter of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1999. The Company will comply with SAB 101 in the quarter ending October 31, 2001; however, such compliance is not expected to be significant to the Company's results of operations.
- 15. In February 2000, the Company, through a subsidiary, acquired certain assets of a company, primarily FAA-approved replacement parts and related inventories. The purchase price was not significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview

Our results of operations during the current period and the same period in the prior fiscal year has been affected significantly by the sale of Trilectron Industries, Inc. (Trilectron) in September 2000. This discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements and Notes thereto included herein.

Our Flight Support Group (FSG) consists of HEICO Aerospace Holdings Corp. (HEICO Aerospace) and its subsidiaries; HEICO Aerospace Corporation, Jet Avion Corporation (Jet Avion), LPI Industries Corporation (LPI), Aircraft Technology, Inc. (ATI), Northwings Accessories Corporation (Northwings), McClain International, Inc. (McClain), Associated Composite, Inc. (ACI), Rogers-Dierks, Inc. (Rogers-Dierks), Air Radio & Instruments Corp. (Air Radio), Turbine Kinetics, Inc. (Turbine), Thermal Structures, Inc. (Thermal) and Future Aviation, Inc. (Future).

Our Electronic Technologies Group (ETG) consists of HEICO Electronic Technologies Corp. and its subsidiaries; Radiant Power Corp. (Radiant), Leader Tech, Inc. (Leader Tech) and Santa Barbara Infrared, Inc. (SBIR).

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133) was issued in June 1998. SFAS 133, as amended by SFAS 137 and SFAS 138, establishes standards for the accounting and reporting of derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives) and of hedging activities. It requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and measure those instruments at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges must be adjusted to fair value through income. If the derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of derivatives are either offset against the change in fair value of assets, liabilities, or firm commitments through earnings or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings.

The Company adopted SFAS 133 effective November 1, 2000. The cumulative effect on the accumulated other comprehensive income of the Company's derivative instruments and hedging activities discussed below as of November 1, 2000 was not significant and as of January 31, 2001 was a loss of \$176,000 (net of \$113,000 in income tax benefit).

In order to manage its interest rate risk related to its revolving credit facility borrowings which has interest based on LIBOR plus a variable margin, the Company has an interest rate swap agreement with a bank. This allows the Company to reduce the effects (positive or negative) of interest rate changes on operations.

The Company has designated the interest rate swap as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized liability (cash flow hedge). Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap, which is considered effective, are recorded as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings to the extent the hedge, or a part thereof, becomes ineffective.

All income per share and dividend per share information has been retroactively restated to reflect stock dividends.

Results of Operations

For the periods indicated below, the following tables set forth the results of operations, net sales by operating segment and the percentage of net sales represented by the respective items, including fiscal 2000 results as adjusted to exclude the results of operations of Trilectron. The Company believes prior year results as adjusted provide more meaningful information for comparing the results of operations in the first quarter 2001. Accordingly, certain discussion of fiscal 2001 results below reflects comparisons to the Company's fiscal 2000 results as adjusted to exclude the results of operations of Trilectron.

	For the Thr	ee Months Ended	l January 31,	
		2000		
	2001	As Adjusted	As Reported	
Net sales	\$39,650,000	\$35,505,000	\$47,940,000	
Cost of sales Selling, general and administrative expenses	22,618,000 9,174,000	19,934,000 7,409,000	30,082,000 8,770,000	
Total operating costs and expenses	31,792,000	27,343,000	38,852,000	
Operating income	\$ 7,858,000 ======	\$ 8,162,000 ======	\$ 9,088,000	

	Three Months Ended January 31,		
	2001	2000	
		As Adjusted	As Reported
Net sales by segment: FSG ETG	\$31,503,000 8,147,000	\$28,195,000 7,310,000	\$28,195,000 19,745,000
	\$39,650,000 ======	\$35,505,000 =======	\$47,940,000
Not solve	400.00/	100 00/	100.00/
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Gross profit	43.0% 23.1%	43.9% 20.9%	37.3% 18.3%
Selling, general and administrative expenses Operating income	19.8%	20.9%	19.0%
Interest expense	1.4%	23.0% N/A	2.5%
Interest expense Interest and other income	0.8%	N/A N/A	0.4%
Income tax expense	7.4%	N/A	6.6%
Minority interest	1.9%	N/A	1.9%
Net income	9.9%	N/A	8.4%

Comparison of First Quarter 2001 to First Quarter 2000

Net Sales

Net sales for the first quarter 2001 totaled \$39.7 million, up 12% when compared to the first quarter 2000 net sales of \$35.5 million as adjusted.

The increase in first quarter 2001 sales reflects an increase of \$3.3 million (a 12% increase) to \$31.5 million in revenues from the FSG and an increase of \$800,000 as adjusted (an 11% increase) to \$8.1 million in revenues from the ETG. The FSG sales increase primarily represents revenues resulting from the Company's entry into the commuter/regional jet component repair and overhaul market with the acquisition of Future in June 2000. The ETG sales increase is primarily attributed to sales of new products.

Gross Profits and Operating Expenses

The Company's gross profit margins averaged 43.0% for the first quarter 2001 as compared to 43.9% as adjusted for the first quarter 2000. This decrease reflects lower margins within the FSG contributed by an increase in new product research and development expenses of \$700,000 and softness within the component repair and overhaul market. Lower gross margins in the FSG were partially offset by increased margins in the ETG resulting primarily from increased sales of higher margin products. Cost of sales amounts for the first quarter 2001 and first quarter 2000 include approximately \$1.1 million and \$400,000, respectively, of new product research and development expenses of HEICO Aerospace. These amounts are net of \$300,000 and \$1.4 million received from Lufthansa in the first quarter 2001 and 2000, respectively. As of January 31, 2001, the Company has future reimbursements for research and development expenses aggregating \$400,000 from Lufthansa which will be received through May 2001.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses increased \$1.8 million to \$9.2 million for the first quarter 2001 from \$7.4 million as adjusted for the first quarter 2000. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A expenses increased to 23.1% for the first quarter 2001 compared to 20.9% as adjusted for the first quarter 2000. The increases in SG&A and SG&A as a percent of net sales are primarily a result of higher marketing costs in the FSG associated with expanding product lines, a \$200,000 increase in goodwill amortization primarily resulting from the acquisition of Future and a \$200,000 increase in the allowance for doubtful accounts, partially offset by lower corporate expenses.

Operating Income

Operating income decreased \$300,000 to \$7.9 million for the first quarter 2001 from \$8.2 million as adjusted for the first quarter 2000. The decrease in operating income reflects a decrease of \$900,000 from \$7.9 million to \$7.0 million in the Company's FSG, offset by an increase of \$400,000 from \$1.6 million as adjusted to \$2.0 million in the Company's ETG. The decrease in operating income of the FSG was due primarily to lower gross profit margins, higher marketing costs and goodwill amortization discussed above. The increase in ETG operating income was primarily due to increased sales of higher margin products discussed above.

As a percentage of net sales, operating income decreased from 23.0% as adjusted in the first quarter 2000 to 19.8% in the first quarter 2001 primarily reflecting lower operating margins in the FSG partially offset by increased operating margins in the ETG . The FSG's operating income as a percentage of net sales declined from 28.0% in the first quarter of 2000 to 22.2% in the first quarter 2001 due to lower gross profit margins, higher marketing costs and higher goodwill amortization discussed above. The ETG's operating income as a percentage of net sales improved from 22.0% as adjusted in the first quarter 2000 to 23.9% in the first quarter 2001. This improvement reflects sales growth of higher margin products.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased \$666,000 to \$552,000 from the first quarter 2000 to the first quarter 2001. The decrease was principally due to lower outstanding debt balances under the Company's Credit Facility as a result of the repayment of borrowings from the proceeds of the sale of Trilectron.

Interest and Other Income

Interest and other income increased \$105,000 to \$315,000 from the first quarter 2000 to the first quarter 2001 due principally to an increase in invested funds and other income.

Minority Interest

Minority interest represents the 20% minority interest held by Lufthansa in HEICO Aerospace.

Net income

The Company's net income decreased slightly from \$4.0 million in the first quarter 2000 to \$3.9 million in the first quarter 2001, while EPS was \$.20 per diluted share for both periods. The slight decrease in net income is primarily due to the lower operating income discussed above. Trilectron, which was sold in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2000, contributed approximately 2 cents per diluted share to earnings in the first quarter of fiscal 2000.

While diluted EPS for the first quarter 2001 was flat compared to the first quarter 2000, the Company believes it will experience diluted EPS growth during the second half of fiscal 2001 over fiscal 2000 results of continuing operations as adjusted for non-recurring items. This is primarily as a result of the Company's increased new product development and marketing efforts, anticipated strengthening of the aviation aftermarket in the second half of fiscal 2001 and the Company's program to redeploy the \$50 million proceeds from the sale of Trilectron. However, the current softness in the aviation aftermarket and certain of our ETG markets, together with the sale of Trilectron are likely to result in diluted EPS for the first half of fiscal 2001 being flat when compared with the same period of fiscal 2000.

Cash earnings per share or net income per diluted share before goodwill amortization (adjusted for the after tax impact of goodwill) was \$.25 in the first quarter fiscal 2001 and 2000.

Inflation

The Company has generally experienced increases in its costs of labor, materials and services consistent with overall rates of inflation. The impact of such increases on the Company's net income has been generally minimized by efforts to lower costs through manufacturing efficiencies and cost reductions.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company generates cash primarily from operating activities and financing activities, including borrowings under long-term credit agreements.

Principal uses of cash by the Company include acquisitions, payments of interest and principal on debt, capital expenditures and increases in working capital.

The Company believes that operating cash flow and available borrowings under the Company's Credit Facility will be sufficient to fund cash requirements for the foreseeable future.

Operating Activities

The Company's cash flow from operations was \$349,000 for the first quarter 2001, consisting primarily of net income of \$3.9 million, depreciation and amortization of \$2.4 million, minority interest of \$760,000 and the tax benefit on stock option exercises of \$384,000, partially offset by the payment of income taxes of approximately \$7 million on the fiscal 2000 gain from the sale of Trilectron.

Investing Activities

The principal cash provided by investing activities in the first quarter 2001 was \$12.4 million in proceeds from the sale of Trilectron and \$2.5 million from the sale of available-for-sale investments partially offset by capital expenditures and acquisition related costs of approximately \$900,000 and \$700,000, respectively.

Financing Activities

The Company's principal financing activities during the first quarter of fiscal 2001 included net payments of \$13.0 million to reduce borrowings under the Company's Credit Facility.

Forward-Looking Statements

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the Act) provides a safe harbor for forward looking statements made by or on behalf of the Company. The Company and its representatives may from time to time make written or oral statements that are "forward-looking," including statements contained in this report and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in reports to the Company's shareholders. Management believes that all statements that express expectations and projections with respect to future matters may differ materially from that discussed as a result of factors, including, but not limited to, lower commercial air travel, product specification costs and requirements, governmental and regulatory demands, competition on military programs, product pricing levels, the Company's ability to make acquisitions and achieve operating synergies from such acquisitions, interest rates and economic conditions within and outside of the aerospace, defense and electronics industries. For an enterprise as the Company, a wide range of factors could materially affect future developments and performance. A list of such factors is set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2000.

New Accounting Interpretations

In December 1999, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" (SAB 101), which among other guidance, clarifies certain conditions to be met in order to recognize revenue. In October 2000, the staff deferred the implementation date of SAB 101 until no later than the fourth quarter of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1999. The Company will comply with SAB 101 in the quarter ending October 31, 2001; however, such compliance is not expected to be significant to the Company's results of operations.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

None.

(b) There were no reports on Form 8-K filed during the three months ended January 31, 2001.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HEICO CORPORATION
(Registrant)

March 12, 2001

BY /s/ Thomas S. Irwin

Date

Thomas S. Irwin, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)